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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/736,629	12/13/2000	Dean C. Storkan	17697-11	8021
25696 7	590 12/22/2004		EXAMINER	
OPPENHEIM	IER WOLFF & DONNE	LLY	JASTRZAB, KRI	SANNE MARIE
P. O. BOX 103 PALO ALTO,	= =		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FALO ALTO,	CA 94303		1744	

DATE MAILED: 12/22/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

air or		Application No.	Applicant(s)	M
Office Action Summary		09/736,629	STORKAN ET AL.	(,
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Krisanne Jastrzab (formerly Thornton)	1744	
The Period for Re	MAILING DATE of this communication app ply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
THE MAIL  - Extensions of after SIX (6)  - If the period  - If NO period  - Failure to re  Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY ING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. For reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we ply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, be evived by the Office later than three months after the mailing at term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed  /s will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communic D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	eation.
Status				
2a)⊠ This 3)⊡ Sinc	oonsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Oo</u> action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This e this application is in condition for allowar ed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		is is
Disposition o	f Claims			
4a) C 5)⊠ Clair 6)⊠ Clair 7)⊡ Clair	n(s) <u>18-26, 28-30 and 32-41</u> is/are pending of the above claim(s) is/are withdraven(s) <u>38</u> is/are allowed. n(s) <u>18-26, 28-30, 32-37 and 39-41</u> is/are n(s) is/are objected to. n(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application P	apers			
10)∏ The d Appli Repla	pecification is objected to by the Examine Irawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptant may not request that any objection to the cacement drawing sheet(s) including the correctionath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the lidrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	, ,
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)	Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	forences Cited (DTO 202)	<b>∆</b> □	(DTO 440)	
2)  Notice of Dr 3)  Information	eferences Cited (PTO-892) aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) //Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 18-26, 28-30, 32-37 and 39-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meyers et al., U.S. patent No. 4,828,835 in view of Imai et al., U.S. patent No. 5,846,904.

Meyers et al., teach a storage stable, water emulsifiable formulation for preparation of an aqueous emulsion of an agricultural chemical. The formulation includes a soil biocide such as 1,3-dichloropropene (see column 3, lines 50-58) and an emulsifying agent including mixtures of anionic and non-ionic surfactants such as octylphenoxypolyethoxy and sulfonates (see column 3, line 65 through column 4, line 20, and column 6, lines 25-45). The formulation is combined with an aqueous medium and dispersed by spraying onto the soil in application rates within the range claimed in the instant claims (see column 5, lines 1-45).

Imai et al., teach the recognized equivalence of several soil biocides including 1,3, dichloropropene, chloropicrin and methylisothiocyanate (see column 1, lines 10-18 and column 9, lines 38-45) as well as the known and expected application of such biocides by drip irrigation followed by plastic tarping of the treated soil.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to utilize any known soil sterilizer including those such as chloropicrin or methylisothiocyanate in the emulsified application set forth above because of their recognized efficacy and applicability in soil treatment, and with the conventionally recognized method above because it would provide optimal coverage by the biocide.

Meyers et al., clearly teach the conventionality of the use of emulsifying agents with soil biocides and thus it would have been well within the purview of one of ordinary skill in the art to determine optimal surfactants and amounts thereof for the given application.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/1/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 18-26, 28-30, 34 and 39-41, have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Applicant argued that Meyers fails to anticipate the claims above because Meyers to specifically disclose the soil biocides as now claimed after amendment. Imai clearly teaches the equivalence of those claimed biocides and that specifically recited in Meyers, thus Applicants argument is moot in view of the rejection applied in response to the deletion of one of the biocides originally listed in the Markush group of the instant claims.

Applicant further argues that the system taught in Imai is not a drip irrigation system as claimed, but is a soil drenching system, however, the Examiner would hold that soil drenching systems are drip irrigation systems, and would point out that structure and function of Imai's system clearly meet all limitations defining a drip irrigation system in Applicant's instant claims. The Examiner would further support this with the art currently cited showing the state of the art in drip irrigation.

### Allowable Subject Matter

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Claim 38 is allowed.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the closest prior art of record fails to clearly teach or suggest the specific emulsifying formulation claimed with the specific combination of agents and recited amounts.

### Terminal Disclaimer

The terminal disclaimer filed on 10/1/2004 disclaiming the terminal portion of any patent granted on this application, which would extend beyond the expiration date of 10/351,072 has been reviewed and is accepted. The terminal disclaimer has been recorded.

### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The newly cited references not relied upon teach the conventional use of emulsifiers and those emulsifiers applicable in soil sterilizing emulsions, as well as the known and expected construction of drip irrigation systems, otherwise known as soil drenching systems.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisanne Jastrzab whose telephone number is 571-272-1279. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Wed. 6:30am-4:00pm and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Warden can be reached on 571-272-1281. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Krisanne Jastrzab Primary Examiner Art Unit 1744

December 21, 2004